134.450 Sale of tax claims -- Offers of purchase -- Certificate of delinquency.

- The sheriff shall sell all tax claims for which payment by the delinquent taxpayer has not been made by the closing date for the acceptance by the sheriff of offers to purchase delinquent tax claims. If there is more than one (1) willing purchaser who has made an offer, the one having made the most recent purchase of a tax claim against the same delinquent or the same property shall have preference; if there is no such person, the person being the first, in the judgment of the sheriff, to offer to pay cash in the full amount of the tax claim shall receive priority for the purchase of the tax claim. If the total of all offers to purchase exceeds ten percent (10%) of the total dollar amount of the delinquent bills offered for sale, or the sum of two hundred thousand dollars (\$200,000), whichever is less, the sheriff shall notify the Finance and Administration Cabinet of the offers of purchase within five (5) business days of the closing date when the offers were received. Upon receipt of the notice, the Finance and Administration Cabinet shall purchase the delinquent tax bills upon which the sheriff has received an offer of purchase and shall tender payment to the sheriff within fifteen (15) business days of the receipt of the sheriff's notice. Upon purchase of the tax claims, the state shall be the owner of the tax bills and may contract with the county attorney to collect all amounts due on its behalf under the terms and conditions of the county attorney's contract with the Revenue Cabinet to collect delinquent taxes. If the county attorney has not contracted with the Revenue Cabinet to collect delinquent taxes, the Revenue Cabinet shall collect all amounts due on behalf of the Finance and Administration Cabinet. If the Finance and Administration Cabinet does not purchase all of the delinquent tax bills, within fifteen (15) days of the closing date, the sheriff shall complete the sale of those tax claims for which the sheriff has received responsible offers to purchase. When a sale is made the tax bill shall be known as a certificate of delinquency and the sheriff shall inscribe thereon the date of sale, the sale price, and the name and address of the purchaser, in the place and manner prescribed by the Revenue Cabinet, and the purchaser shall be entitled to a certified copy of the certificate of delinquency.
- (2) If no responsible offer in the amount of the tax claim is received, the sheriff shall purchase it for the state, county, and taxing districts having an interest in the tax claim. In such case, the tax bill shall also be known as a certificate of delinquency, and the sheriff shall inscribe thereon the same information required when one other than the state, county, or taxing district is the purchaser.
- (3) The sheriff shall file all certificates of delinquency in the county clerk's office immediately upon completion of the tax sale, or in a county containing a city of the first class or consolidated local government, within fourteen (14) working days of the sale, and the clerk shall retain them. The county clerk shall acknowledge receipt of the certificates by signing a receipt form that has been prepared in a manner prescribed by the Revenue Cabinet. If the sheriff fails to file the certificates, he shall be liable on his official bond for the aggregate amount of the certificates not returned, but the claim of the purchaser shall not be affected by this neglect. If the sheriff fails to return any certificate, the purchaser may file his certified copy with the clerk, with the same effect as the original.

- (4) The clerk shall make, execute, and deliver a certified copy of a certificate of delinquency to the payor, or the clerk may provide for a certified electronic register of the certificates of delinquency in the clerk's record in lieu of delivering a certified copy of the certificate of delinquency.
- (5) The certificate of delinquency is assignable by endorsement. The clerk shall note the assignment on the certificate of delinquency or the clerk may provide for a certified electronic certificate of delinquency in the clerk's records in lieu of delivering a certified copy of the certificate of delinquency. An assignment when noted on the record in the office of the county clerk vests in the assignee all rights and title of the original purchaser.

Effective: April 8, 2002

History: Amended 2002 Ky. Acts ch. 248, sec. 1, effective April 8, 2002. -- Amended 2000 Ky. Acts ch. 357, sec. 2, effective July 14, 2000. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 209, sec. 12, effective March 30, 1998. -- Amended 1992 Ky. Acts ch. 391, sec. 4, effective July 14, 1992. -- Amended 1990 Ky. Acts ch. 183, sec. 5, effective July 13, 1990. -- Recodified 1942 Ky. Acts ch. 208, sec. 1, effective October 1, 1942, from Ky. Stat. secs. 4149b-4, 4163.